		(UGC-AUTONOMOUS)			
D. I CCI	iiiea	r I Semester (R18) Supplementary End Semester Examinations, PROFESSIONAL ENGLISH	December	- 202	2
		(Common to all)			
	Time: 3	BHrs	lax Marks:	60	
	Atte	npt all the questions. All parts of the question must be answered in on	a place and	V.	
	A	ll parts of Q.no 1 are compulsory. In Q.no 2 to 6 answer either Part-A	or B only		
Q.No		Question			
Q.1	i.	What are supporting details?	Marks	CO	
	ii.	Change the verb in brackets into noun.	1M	2	
		I won first prize in singing (COMPETE)	1M	1	
	iii.	What is a memo?	1M	_	
	iv	Reframe the following sentence in to indirect speech	1M		
		She said "I am happy ".	TIVI		
	٧.	What is a nonverbal communication?	1M	3	
	νί	Why do people play Pub g? State one reason.	1M		
	vii.	Write a compound word for the word Brain	1M	1	
	viii.	How do you introduce your friend to your parents. Write one expression.	1M	4	
	ix.	How important are 'Recommendations' in a report?	1M	5	
	х.	Add question tag to the following statement.	1M	3	
		He likes sweets.			
Q.2(A)	Fill ir	the blanks with appropriate verb forms			-
	i.	My friendsthe prime minister yesterday(Meet)			
	ii.	The earthround the sun(Moves)			
	iii.	IEnglish for five years(Learn)		2 1 5 2 3 2 1 4	
	iv.	Don't disturb me. Imy home work(Do)			
	٧.	The soupgood(Taste)	10M	1	
	vi.	IRahim at the zoo(see)			
	vii.	The planeat 3.30(Arrive)			
	viii.	When I go home, my dogat the gate(Wait)			
	ix.	By 2050, robotsmany of the jobs that people do today(Take)			
	х.	Look! The sunover the hills(Rise)			

Q.3(A) Connect the following outlines to form a Readable story .

Q.2(B)

with him in his car.

few words and take leave.

b)) Neha meets her dentist at a bank. They greet each other, exchange a

10M

	A stag admires his hornsdespises his ugly, long legs- once chased by hunters and dogs- his legs help him to flee- his horns get entangled in thickest bush-siezed-killed.	10M	2	4
	OR			
Q.3(B)	(i)Write the synonyms for the following words 1. Hastened			
	2. Meek			
	3. Crowd			
	4. Contended			
	5. Foul			
	(ii) Write the antonyms for the following words 1. Coarse	10M	1	3
	2. Larger	10141	-	3
	3. Virtuous			
	4. Rash			
	5. Cruel			
Q.4(A)	A) Put the word in brackets into the correct form. You will have to use			
. ,	prefixes and/or suffixes.			
	 There were only a of people at the match. 			
	(hand)			
	2. She arrived late at work because she was			
	(sleep)			
	3. The road was too narrow, so they had to it.			
	(wide) 4. He was acting in a very way. (child)			
	5. The team that he supported were able to win			
	the (champion)	10M	1	2
	B) Re arrange the following sentences into a meaningful paragraph.			
	a. When two men met it was the custom for them to hold each other's			
	open hands to show there was no weapon there.			
	b. Thieves lurked about in the dark and men carried swords for defence.			
	c. Thus, through time, men came to regard the holding of each other's			
	hands as a greeting and a sign of friend ship.			
	d. When they were gripping each other's hands, they know there could be			
	no danger from one another. e. In olden days there were no lighted streets and no police men.			
	OR			
0.4/0)		1014	2	2
Q.4(B)	Explain the various sub-skills that are essential in enhancing reading skills.	10M		
Q.5(A)	You are the Training Co-coordinator. You have been asked to make	10M	5	6
	arrangements for one day seminar at the Conference Centre. The seminar			
	is for 25 Division Chiefs from various departments.			
	Write a memo to the director of the Conference Centre, Mary-Ann Downs,			
	making arrangements for space, tables, audio-visual equipment, and			

Q.5(B) With the advancement of social media, It is easier and cheap to 10M 5 1 communicate and connect with people across the world. Justify the statement in 200 words. Read the following passage and answer the questions given below. Q.6(A) All spiders spin webs. That's because webs help spiders. Webs help spiders do three things. Webs help spiders hold eggs. Webs help spiders hide. And webs help spiders catch food. Webs help spiders hold eggs. Many spiders like to lay their eggs in their webs. The webs help keep the eggs together. Webs help spiders keep their eggs safe. Webs help spiders hide. Most spiders are dark. They are brown, grey, or black. But spider webs are light. They are white and cloudy. When spiders hide in their webs, they are harder to see. Webs help spiders catch food. Spider webs are sticky. When a bug flies into the web, it gets stuck. It moves around. It tries to get out. But it can't. It is trapped! Spiders can tell that the bug is trapped. That's because spiders feel the web move. And the spider is hungry. The spider goes to get the bug. As you can see, webs help spiders hold eggs. Webs help spiders hide. And webs help 10M 1 spiders catch food. Without webs, spiders would not be able to live like they do. Spiders need their webs to survive! Questions 1) This passage is mostly about A. spider colors B. spider webs C. spider eggs 2) As used in paragraph 4, the word trapped most nearly means A. stuck B. hidden C. eaten 3) How can spiders tell when something is trapped in their web? A. They hear it. B. They smell it. C. They feel it. 4) Do you like spiders? Why or why not? Write the reason. 5) The passage lists three reasons why spiders spin webs. Of these reasons, which do you think is the most important? OR You want to take up a summer internship with the local outlet of Q.6(B) 10M 5 3 McDonald's. Write an e-mail to the Head of the outlet enquiring about the

*** END***

procedure to go ahead.

Hall Ticket	Vo:										estion Paper Code: 18EEE10
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(UGC-AUTONOMOUS)

B.Tech I Year I & II Semester (R18) Supplementary End Semester Examinations – DEC 2022 BASIC ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING

(Common to All)

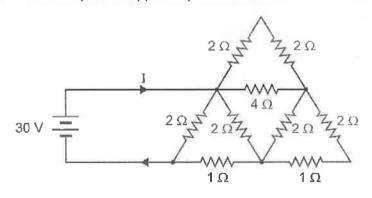
Time: 3Hrs

Max Marks: 60

Attempt all the questions. All parts of the question must be answered in one place only.

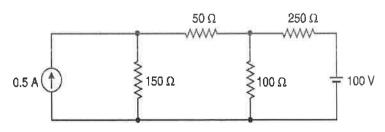
All parts of Q.no 1 are compulsory. In Q.no 2 to 6 answer either A or B only

			Marks	CO	BL
Q.1	i.	What are active electrical elements?	1M	1	1
	ii.	Two resistors of resistance 3 Ω and 6 Ω , are connected in parallel	1M	1	2
		across a battery having a voltage of 12V. Determine the total current			
		supplied by the battery.			
	iii.	Determine the Peak value for a 230V(rms) main supply?	1M	2	2
	iv	Define Waveform.	1M	2	1.
	v.	State Faraday's law of electromagnetic induction.	1M	3	1
	vi	Find the transformation ratio of a 230 V/2300 V, 50 Hz, single-phase	1M	3	2
		transformer.			
	vii.	What is slip in an induction motor?	1M	4	1
	viii.	In a DC generator, which element is used to convert the A.C. voltage	1M	4	2
		into D.C. voltage?			
	ix.	Expand MCB	1M	5	1
	Χ.	What is the knee-voltage value of Silicon P-N junction diode?	1M	5	2
Q.2(A)	Dete	rmine the power supplied by the source.	10M	1	3



OR

Q.2(B) Find the current flowing through the 50Ω resistor by using node voltage 10M 1 3 analysis.



Q.3(A)	400V (Line to Line) is applied to a three-phase Star connected with identical impedance each containing a 4Ω resistance in series with 3Ω inductive reactance. Find (a) Line current (b) power factor (c) power in each phase (d) total power supplied OR	10M	2	3
Q.3(B)	(i)Write the advantages of 3-phase systems.	3 M	2	1
Q.3(b)				
	(ii) Derive the relationship between phase and line voltages and currents in a balanced three-phase delta-connected system. Also, write the expressions for different powers.	7M	2	2
Q.4(A)	Explain the construction and working of a single-phase transformer.	10M	3	2
	OR			
Q.4(B)	(i) Derive an emf equation of a single-phase transformer.	6M	3	2
	(ii)A single-phase, 50 Hz transformer has 25 primary turns and 300 secondary turns. The cross-sectional area of the core is 300 cm2. When the primary winding is connected to a 250 V supply, determine (a) the maximum value of the flux density in the core, and (b) the voltage induced in the secondary winding.	4M	3	2
Q.5(A)	Discuss various methods which are used to control the speed DC shunt motor.	10M	4	2
	OR			
Q.5(B)	Explain the different starters of induction motors with a neat diagram.	10M	4	2
Q.6(A)	Discuss in detail the operation of a bridge rectifier with a neat circuit diagram and relevant waveforms.	10M	5	2
	OR			
Q.6(B)	With a neat sketch, explain the working of ELCB.	10M	5	2
	*** END***			

Hall Ticket No:											Question Paper Code: 18ME101
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(UGC-AUTONOMOUS)

B. Tech I Year I & II Semester (R18) Supplementary End Semester Examinations -DEC 2022

ENGINEERING GRAPHICS

(Common to All)

Time: 3Hrs

Max Marks: 60

Attempt all the questions. All parts of the question must be answered in one place only.

All parts of Q.no 1 are compulsory. In Q.no 1 to 5 answer either Part-A or B only

Marks CO B

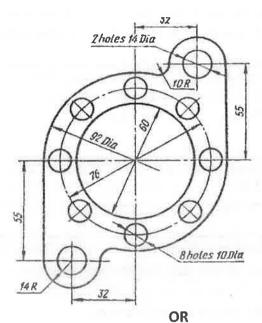
1

12M

12M

1

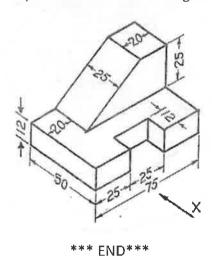
Q.1(A) Draw the figure shown below using Auto CAD commands and dimension it.



Q.1(B) Draw the figure shown below using Auto CAD commands and dimension it,

Wn below using Auto CAD commands and dim

Q.2(A)	Two points F and G are on HP. Point F is 30mm in front of VP while G is 40mm behind VP. The line joining their top views makes an angle of 45 degrees with XY. Find the horizontal distance between two points.	12M	2
Q.2(B)	OR Line AB 75mm long line makes 45° inclination with VP and its front view makes 55	12M	2
Q.2(b)	degrees with XY. End A is 10mm above HP and 15mm in front of VP. Draw the projection and find its inclination with HP.	12101	
Q.3(A)	A Hexagonal Pyramid with a base side of 30mm and an axis of 60mm has an edge of its base on the ground. Its axis is inclined at 30 degrees to the ground and parallel to VP. Draw its projections.	12M	3
	OR		
Q.3(B)	A square ABCD of 50mm side has its corner A in the H.P. its diagonal AC is inclined at 30° to the HP and the diagonal BD is inclined at 45° to the VP and parallel to H.P. Draw its projections.	12M	3
Q.4(A)	A Pentagonal Prism 30mm base side & 60mm axis is standing on HP on its base whose one side is perpendicular to VP. It is cut by a section plane 45° inclined to HP, through the mid-point of the axis. Draw FV, sec. TV and sec. Side View.	12M	4
	OR		
Q.4(B)	A Hexagonal Prism 30mm base side & 60mm axis is standing on HP on its base whose one side is perpendicular to VP. It is cut by a section plane 45° inclined to HP, through the mid-point of the axis. Draw the true shape of the section and the Development of surface of the remaining Solid.	12M	4
Q.5(A)	A vertical cylinder 50 mm diameter and 70 mm axis is completely penetrated by a square prism of 25 mm sides and 70 mm axis, horizontally. Both axes intersect and bisect each other. All faces of the prism are equally inclined to V.P. Draw the projections of solids, showing their curves of intersections.	12M	5
	OR		
Q.5(B)	Draw the front view, top view, and side view for the figure shown	12M	5



Hall Ticket No:						Question Paper Code: 18PHY10

(UGC-AUTONOMOUS)

B.Tech I Year I & II Semester (R18) Supplementary End Semester Examinations -DEC'2022 **ENGINEERING PHYSICS**

(Common to CE & ME)

Time: 3Hrs Max Marks: 60 Attempt all the questions. All parts of the question must be answered in one place only.

	All parts of Q.no 1 are compulsory. In Q.no 2 to 6 answer either A or	•	II yaa	
		Marks	СО	BL
Q.1	i. \hat{r} and $\hat{\theta}$ represent unit vectors in polar coordinate system. what s $\hat{r} \cdot \hat{\theta}$?	1M	1	1
	ii. An object of mass <i>M</i> placed on the floor of an elevator accelerates upwards at a rate. Find <i>N</i> , the force exerted on an object by the floor of the elevator.	1M	1	2
	iii. What is the minimum velocity required for a 100 kg object to escape from the surface of the Earth?	1M	2	2
	iv State work-energy theorem	1M	2	1
	v. What is the phase difference between two SHM described by equations $x = a \cos(\omega t)$ and $x = a \sin(\omega t + \pi/2)$.	1M	3	1
	vi What are the characteristics of simple harmonic motion?	1M	3	1
	vii. What is constructive interference?	1M	4	1
	viii. What is Fraunhoffer diffraction?	1M	4	1.
	ix. Define stimulated emission of the laser.	1M	5	2
	x. What is population inversion relating to laser action?	1M	5	2
Q.2(A)	i) Derive the expression for the acceleration in polar coordinates by starting from velocity expression in polar coordinates.	6M	1	2
	ii) A particle moves in a plane with constant radial velocity $\dot{r}=4$ m/s, starting from the origin. The angular velocity is constant and has magnitude $\theta=2$ rad/s. when the particle is 3 m from the origin, find the magnitude of (a) the velocity and (b) the acceleration. OR	4M		
Q.2(B)	i) Two blocks are in contact on a horizontal table. A horizontal force is applied to one of the blocks, as shown in the drawing. If $m_1 = 2$ kg, $m_2 = 1$ kg, and $F = 6$ N, find the force of contact between the two blocks.	4M	1	3
	M_1 which lies on a frictionless table. The coefficient of friction between the blocks is μ . What is the maximum horizontal force which can be applied to the blocks for them to accelerate without slipping on one another if the force is applied to M_2 block1 and M_3 block2?	6M		

i) Derive fundamental rocket equation and obtain the final velocity of the rocket when it moves in free space and Gravitational field. OR	10M	2	3
Deduce the expression for escape velocity for an object of mass m' projected upward from the earth at some angle, using work-energy theorem.	10M	2	3
What are forced oscillations? Derive the differential equation which represents forced oscillations. Discuss the condition for resonance in forced oscillators. OR	10M	3	4
i) What are Lissajous figures? On what factor Lissajous figure depends?	3M	3	3
ii) Construct the Lissajous figures for the motion described by $x = \cos(2\omega t)$ $y = \cos(2\omega t - \pi/2)$.	7M		
Explain how the radius of curvature of plano-convex lens is determined by forming Newton's rings. OR	10M	4	3
forming Newton's rings.	10M	4	3
forming Newton's rings. OR Describe Fraunhoffer diffraction due to double slit with a suitable diagram. Derive the expression for its resultant intensity and discuss			
forming Newton's rings. OR Describe Fraunhoffer diffraction due to double slit with a suitable diagram. Derive the expression for its resultant intensity and discuss corresponding terms. Describe the principle, construction, and working of a He-Ne LASER.	10M	4	3
	rocket when it moves in free space and Gravitational field. OR Deduce the expression for escape velocity for an object of mass 'm' projected upward from the earth at some angle, using work-energy theorem. What are forced oscillations? Derive the differential equation which represents forced oscillations. Discuss the condition for resonance in forced oscillators. OR i) What are Lissajous figures? On what factor Lissajous figure depends? ii) Construct the Lissajous figures for the motion described by $x = \cos(2\omega t)$	rocket when it moves in free space and Gravitational field. OR Deduce the expression for escape velocity for an object of mass 'm' projected upward from the earth at some angle, using work-energy theorem. What are forced oscillations? Derive the differential equation which represents forced oscillations. Discuss the condition for resonance in forced oscillators. OR i) What are Lissajous figures? On what factor Lissajous figure depends? 3M ii) Construct the Lissajous figures for the motion described by $x = \cos(2\omega t)$	rocket when it moves in free space and Gravitational field. OR Deduce the expression for escape velocity for an object of mass 'm' 10M 2 projected upward from the earth at some angle, using work-energy theorem. What are forced oscillations? Derive the differential equation which represents forced oscillations. Discuss the condition for resonance in forced oscillators. OR i) What are Lissajous figures? On what factor Lissajous figure depends? 3M 3 ii) Construct the Lissajous figures for the motion described by $x = \cos(2\omega t)$ 7M

B.Tech	ANAPALLE INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY & SCIENCE, MA (UGC-AUTONOMOUS) I Year I & II Semester (R18) Supplementary End Semester Examinat PHYSICS: ELECTROMAGNETIC THEORY (ECE)	ions –DE	C'2022					
Time:	strempt all the questions. All parts of the question must be answered in one	Max Marks: 60						
	All parts of Q.no 1 are compulsory. In Q.no 2 to 6 answer either A or							
		Marks	CO	BL				
Q.1	i. What is the physical significance of divergence?	1M	CO1	1				
	ii. Evaluate the integral $\int_{-2}^{2} (x+5)\delta(2x)dx$ (use Dirac delta function)	1M	CO1	3				
	iii. Write Gauss's Law of electrostatics?	1M	CO2	1				
	iv Define coulomb's law.	1M	CO2	1				
	v. Define electric dipole moment?	1M	CO3	1				
	vi Relation between the electric displacement vector D and P ?	1M	CO3	1				
	vii. Write the vectorial expression for current density J?	1M	CO4	1				
	viii. Define term "Magnetization"?	1M	CO4	1				
		1M	CO5	1				
		1M	CO5	1				
0.2(1)		10M	CO1	3				
Q.2(A)	Test stokes theorem for the function $\vec{V} = xy\hat{\imath} + (2xy)\hat{\jmath} + 3xz\hat{k}$ the triangular shaded area as shown in the figure.	10141	001	<u> </u>				
	OR							
Q.2(B)	With Neat diagram explain the spherical coordinate system and derive	10M	CO1	3				
	the unit vectors $(\hat{r}, \hat{\theta}, \hat{\emptyset})$ in terms of Cartesian unit vectors $(\hat{\iota}, \hat{\jmath}, \hat{k})$.							
Q.3(A)	a) Using coulomb's law of electrostatics calculate the electric field E for at a distance z above the midpoint of a straight-line segment of length 2L which carries a uniform line charge ?	10M	CO2	2				
	OR							
Q.3(B)	i) Obtain Integral and differential form of Gauss's law. Mention the limitations in it?	5М	CO2	2				
	ii) Describe the Poisson's equation and Laplace's equation in electrostatics. At what conditions Poisson's Equation reduces to Laplace's Equation?	5M	CO2	3				

Q.4(A)	The figure represents the uniformly polarized sphere of radius R , calculate the electric potential and field produced both inside and outside of the polarized sphere.	10M	CO3	3
	OR			
Q.4(B)	i)Define the electrostatic terms 1) polarization 'P', 2) electric displacement 'D', 3) susceptibility χ , 4) Dielectric constant ϵ_r and give physical significance of each quantity.	5M	CO3	3
	ii) Obtain a relation between electrical susceptibility $\pmb{\chi}$ and relative dielectric $\pmb{\epsilon_r}$?	5M	CO3	3
Q.5(A)	Find the magnetic field using biot savart's law distance z above from a long straight wire (Fig.), carrying a steady current I?	10M	CO4	3
	OR			
Q.5(B)	What do you mean by magnetization? Derive the Ampere's law of magneto statics in materials? Differentiate the Para magnetism, diamagnetism, and ferromagnetism	10M	CO4	3
Q.6(A)	Write four Maxwell's equations in differential form and integral form. Mentions the modifications of Amperes law by Maxwell?	10M	CO5	2
	OR			
Q.6(B)	Derive the equation of electromagnetic waves in free space using Maxwell's equations and prove that velocity of EM wave is equal to light velocity (3 X 10 ⁸ cm/sec). Show that the electric field E and magnetic field B were mutual perpendicular vectors and satisfies the three-dimensional	10M	CO5	3

*** END***

wave equation.

Hall Ticket No: Course Code: 18P

(UGC-AUTONOMOUS)

B.Tech I Year I & II Semester (R18) Supplementary End Semester Examinations -DEC'2022

MODERN PHYSICS

(Common to EEE, CSE, CST, CSIT)

Time: 3Hrs

Max Marks: 60

Attempt all the questions. All parts of the question must be answered in one place only.

In Q.no 1 to 5 answer either Part A or Part B only. Q.no 6 which is a case study is compulsory.

		Marks	CO	BL
Q.1	i. Define simple harmonic motion (SHM)	1 M	1	1
	ii. Give an example of transverse wave motion.	1 M	1	1
	iii. Name types of interference.	1 M	2	1
	iv Write the relation between phase difference and path difference.	1 M	2	2
	v. State Heisenberg's uncertainty principle	1 M	3	1
	vi Wave function Ψ means?	1 M	3	1
	vii. What is an energy band?	1 M	4	1
	viii Draw the Fermi level in intrinsic semiconductors.	1 M	4	1.
	ix. Define Pumping.	1 M	5	1
	x. Give any two applications of LASER.	1 M	5	1
Q.2(A)	i) What are Lissajous figures? On what factor does it depend?	2 M	1	3
	ii) Construct the Lissajous figures for the superimposed two perpendicular	8 M	1	
	simple harmonic motions described by following equations. $x = 10$			
	$Cos(10\pi t)$ and $y = 10 Cos(10\pi t + \pi/2)$			
	OR			
Q.2(B)	Discuss damped harmonic oscillator. Explain the under, over and critical			
	damping in detail?	10 M	1	4
Q.3(A)	Determine the radius of curvature of Plano-convex lens by the help of	8 M	2	4
	Newton's rings experiment.			
	ii) In Newton's ring experiment the diameter of the 5 th ring is 0.3cm and	2 M	2	
	that of 25 th ring is 0.8cm. If the radius of curvature of the lens is 100cm,			
	find the wavelength of the light used.			
	OR			
Q.3(B)	Describe Fraunhofer diffraction due to single slit with a suitable diagram			
, ,	and obtain the conditions for maxima, minima, and secondary maxima	10 M	2	3
	intensities in the diffracted spectrum.			
Q.4(A)	(i) Show that the energies of a particle trapped in a potential well with	7 M	3	4
~ . ()	infinite walls is quantized using Schrodinger's time independent wave			
	equation.			
	(ii) Calculate the first three energy levels for an electron in a quantum well	3 M	3	3
	of width 10Å with infinite walls.		_	-
	OR			
O 4/D)	Derive Schrodinger's time independent and time dependent wave	10 M	3	3
Q.4(B)	equations.	10 101	2	ر
	equations.			

Q.5(A)	i) Describe the construction and working of PN junction diode.	6 M	4	4
	ii) Explain I-V Characteristics of a PN junction diode under forward bias and a reverse bias with suitable diagrams.	4 M	4	4
	OR			
Q.5(B)	i) On the basis of band theory, explain how the solids are classified into metals, semiconductors and insulators?	5 M	4	3
	ii) Distinguish between direct and indirect band gap semiconductors.	5 M	4	3
Q.6(A)	Define spontaneous and stimulated emission. Derive the relation between the probabilities of spontaneous emission and stimulated emission in terms of Einstein's coefficients.	10 M	5	4
	OR			
Q.6(B)	Describe the principle, construction and working of a He-Ne Laser. *** END***	10 M	5	4

Hall Ticket No							Question Paper Code: 18CHE101
	1	1		100		 	

(UGC - AUTONOMOUS)

B.Tech I Year I & II Semester (R18) Supplementary End Semester Examinations – DEC'2022 ENGINEERING CHEMISTRY

(Common to all)

Tim	e: 3 Hours	Max Ma	ırks:	60_
	Attempt all the questions. All parts of the question must be answered in one p			
	All parts of Q. No. 1 are compulsory. In Q. No. 2 to 6 answers either Part - A	or B only		
		Marks	СО	Ві
Q.1	i. Define Alkalinity of water	1 M	1	2
Q. <u>1</u>	ii. What happens when OH and HCO ₃ exists together in water?	1 M	1	1
	iii. First ionization energy is depended on the atomic radii of the element	1 M	2	1
	TRUE or FALSE	2107	~	
	Iv Give the monomers of Nylon 6,6.	1 M	2	-1
	v. Hooke's law is the basis for & spectroscopies.	1 M	3	1]
	Vi Give any two applications of Rotational Spectroscopy.	1 M	3	1
	vii. State and express the First Law of Thermodynamics.	1 M	4	1
	viii. What is Electro Motive Force (EMF)?	1 M	4	_1
	ix. Define Flash point of lubricant	1 M	5	
	x. As size of the particle decreases, it to volume ratio	1 M	5	
	increases.			
Q.2(A)	What is the Hardness of water and explain its determination process by	10 M	1	[
, ,	EDTA method.			
	OR			
Q.2(B)	What is sterilization of water and elaborate the break point chlorination	10 M	1	
	process			
Q.3(A)	Describe SN1 and SN2 reactions with suitable examples, mechanisms, and	10 M	2	4
	energy profiles.			
	OR			
Q.3(B)	i) Write about E1 reaction with an example.	4 M	2	
	ii) Draw the structure of the following molecules using VSEPR Theory			
	(a) $BeCl_2$, (b) CH_4 , (c) XeF_2	6 M	2	
Q.4(A)	Discuss the IR Spectroscopy with appropriate illustrations.	10 M	3	(
	OR			
Q.4(B)	Describe the principles and applications of UV-VIS Spectroscopy.	10 M	3	
Q.5(A)	Elaborate on the estimation of entropy of an isothermal, isobaric, and	10 M	4	
, ,	isochoric processes.			
	OR			
Q.5(B)	Explain with a neat diagram, the principle, construction, and applications of	10 M	3	
	Lead Acid battery.			
Q.6(A)	Explain the various process involved in the manufacturing of Portland	10 M	5	
	Cement with neat diagram.			
	OR			
Q.6(B)	Describe the Carbon Nanotube (CNT) growth process by a CVD method.	10 M	5	
. , ,	*** END***			

Hall Ticket No						Question Paper Code: 18MAT106

(UGC-AUTONOMOUS)

B.Tech I Year I & II Semester (R18) Supplementary- End Semester Examinations – DEC'2022 LINEAR ALGEBRA AND TRANSFORM CALCULUS

(EEE)

Time: 3Hrs

Max Marks: 60

<i>F</i>	Attempt all the questions. All parts of the questions All parts of Q.no 1 are compulsory. In Q			ly.	
			Marks	СО	BL
Q.1	i. Find the characteristic polynomial o	f a matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 \\ -2 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$	1M	1	2
	ii. What are the Eigen vectors of a mat	$\operatorname{crix} A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}?$	1M	.1	1
	iii. Write the function $f(z) = e^z$ in the	form $f(z) = u(x, y) + iv(x, y)$.	1M	2	1
	iv State Cauchy's residue theorem.		1M	2	1
	V. Find $L\left(\frac{\sin t}{t}\right)$		1M	3	2
	Find $L^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{s^3}\right)$		1M	3	1
	vii. State linearity property of Fourier tr	ansform.	1M	4	1
	viii. Find the Fourier sine transform of j	f(x) = x	1M	4	2
	ix. Find $Z(n^2)$		1M	5	1
	Find $Z^{-1}\left(\frac{z}{(z-1)^2}\right)$		1M	5	2
Q.2(A)		[1 1 3]	10M	1	3
	Use Gauss-Jordan method find the invers	e of a matrix $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & -3 \\ -2 & -4 & -4 \end{bmatrix}$			
		OR			
Q.2(B)		[1 1 3]	10M	1	3
	Find Eigen values and Eigen vectors of the	e matrix 1 5 1 3 1 1			
Q.3(A)		quations and deduce that	10 M	2	3
	$\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial r^2} + \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial u}{\partial r} + \frac{1}{r^2} \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial \theta^2} = 0$	OR			
Q.3(B)	Expand $f(z) = \frac{1}{(z-1)(z-2)}$ in the region	n (a) $ z < 1$. (b) $1 < z < 2$	10M	2	3

Q.4(A)	(i) Find the Laplace transforms of $\frac{e^{at} - \cos bt}{t}$ (ii) Find $L\left\{t\int_{0}^{t} \frac{e^{-t} \sin t}{t} dt\right\}$	10M	3	3
	OR			
Q.4(B)	Solove by the method of transforms, the equations $y'' + 4y' + 3y = e^{-t}$, $y(0) = y'(0) = 1$	10M	3	3
Q.5(A)	Find the Fourier transform of $e^{-2(x-3)^2}$	10M	4	3
	OR			
Q.5(B)	Find the Fourier sine transform of $\frac{e^{-\alpha x}}{x}$	10M	4	3
Q.6(A)	Using inversion integral method, Find the inverse Z-transform of	10M	5	3
	$\frac{2z}{(z-1)(z^2+1)}$			
	OR			
Q.6(B)	Using Z-transform solve $u_{n+2} - 2u_{n+1} + u_n = 3n+5$ *** END***	10M	5	4

Time:	LINEAR ALGEBRA AND DIFFERI (CE) : 3Hrs	Max Marl	cs: 60	
	Attempt all the questions. All parts of the question n All parts of Q.no 1 are compulsory. In Q.no 2 to			
2.1	: Define Outle court Martini with an everyole	Marks	CO 1	B1
).1	i. Define Orthogonal Matrix with an example. ii. Find the Eigenvalues of the matrix $A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$		1	1
	iii. Find the order and degree of the different $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = \left(\frac{dy}{dx}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}$	ial equation 1M	2	1
	iv Define the integrating factor of the difference	ntial equation. 1M	2	1
	v. Find the complementary solution $y'' - 2y'$	$+ y = \sin x$. 1M	3	1
	vi What is Wronskian in the differential equa	tion 1M	3	1
	vii. Find the Laplace transform of the $f(t) = e^{-t}$	⁴ . 1M	4	1
	Viii Find $L^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{(s-5)}\right)$.	1M	4	1
	ix. Write one example for non-linear PDE.	1M	5	1
	x. Define the Laplace equation in one-dimen	sional space. 1M	5	1
(.2(A)	Show that every square matrix can be express of a symmetric and skew-symmetric matrix and		1	
	OR			
Q.2(B)	Show that the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 & 2 \\ 1 & -2 & 3 \\ 0 & -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$ sati	10M	1	

	Solve the differential equation $(y \log y) ax + (x - \log y) ay = 0$	TOIVI	2	3
Q.3(B)	Solve $x \log x \frac{dy}{dx} + y = \log x^2$.	10M	2	3

Q.4(A)	Solve the differential equation $x^2y'' - 3xy' + 4y = 1 + x^2$.	10M	3	3
	OR			
Q.4(B)	Solve by using the method of variation of parameters $y'' + y = Co \sec x$	10M	3	3
Q.5(A)	Find the inverse Laplace transformation of $L^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{s^2(s^2+a^2)}\right)$	10M	4	3
	OR			
Q.5(B)	Find the solution of the differential equation $y'' + y = t$ with the initial condition $y'(0) = 1$, $y(\pi) = 0$ by using the Laplace transformation.	10M	4	4
Q.6(A)	Form the partial differential equations by eliminating the arbitrary constants and functions from the following $i) z = f(x) + e^y g(x) \qquad ii) z = x f(x+t) + g(x+t)$ OR	10M	5	3
Q.6(B)	Solve the partial differential equation by $3\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + 2\frac{\partial u}{\partial y} = 0$ with the	10M	5	4
	condition $u(x,0) = 4e^{-x}$.			
	*** END***			

Page 2 of 2

Hall Ticket No:											Question Paper Code: 18MAT110
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(UGC-AUTONOMOUS)

B.Tech I Year I & II Semester (R18) Supplementary- End Semester Examinations – DEC'2022 LINEAR ALGEBRA

(Common to CSE, CSIT & CST)

Time:	3Hrs	Max Mar	ks: 60	
Δ	ttempt all the questions. All parts of the question must be answered in one All parts of Q.no 1 are compulsory. In Q.no 2 to 6 answer either A or		ly,	
		Marks	СО	BL
Q.1	i. When a linear system of non-homogeneous equations are said to be consistent	1M	1	1
	Determine the eigenvalues of the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ 8 & -7 \end{bmatrix}$	1M	1	2
	Find the basis for the Null space of the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$	1M	2	1
	iv Determine the set of vectors $\{(1,2,-1),(2,4,5),(0,0,0)\}$ form basis (or) not.	1M	2	2
	V. Find $T \circ S$ whenever it is defined $T(x,y,z) = (x-y+z,x+z)$, $S(x,y) = (x,x-y,y)$.	1M	3	1
	vi Let $T: P_2(\mathbb{R}) \to P_3(\mathbb{R})$ be a linear transformation such that $T(1) = 1$; $T(x) = x^2$, and $T(x^2) = x^3 + x$. Find $T(ax^2 + bx + c)$.	1M	3	2
	vii. Find the transition matrix $[Id]^{\beta}_{\alpha}$ from α to β , when $\alpha = \{(2,3)(0,1)\}$ and $\beta = \{(6,4)(4,8)\}$.	1M	4	2
	viii. Let $T: R^2 \to R^2$ be the Linear transformation defined by $T(x_1, x_2) = (x_1 + x_2, -x_1 + x_2)$. Compute $[T]_{\alpha}$ for the standard basis $\alpha = \{e_1, e_2\}$.	1M	4	1
	ix. Define Inner Product space	1M	5	1
	x. Let $S = ((0,1,0),(0,0,1))$. Find a basis for S^{\perp} with respect to the Euclidean Inner product space on R^3 .	1M	5	2
Q.2(A)	For what values of 'a' does the following system of equations have no solution, unique solution, or infinitely many solutions. $x - y + z = 1$; $x + 3y + az = 2$; $2x + ay + 3z = 3$.	10M	1	3
	OR			
Q.2(B)	Find the Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors of the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -3 & 3 \\ 0 & -5 & 6 \\ 0 & -3 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$	10M	1	3

Q.3(A)	In R^4 , determine whether or not the set $\{e_1-e_2,e_2-e_3,e_3-e_4,e_4-e_1\}$ is Linearly dependent or not.	10M	2	3
Q.3(B)	Find the basis for row space, column space and null space of the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 0 & 2 & 1 \\ -1 & -2 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 & -3 & -7 & 2 \\ 1 & 2 & -2 & -4 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$	10M	2	3
Q.4(A)	Let $w_1=(1,0),\ w_2=(2,-1), w_3=(4,3)$ be three vectors in \mathbb{R}^2 . (a) Let $\alpha=\{e_1,e_2,e_3\}$ be the standard basis for 3-space \mathbb{R}^3 , and let $T\colon \mathbb{R}^3\to \mathbb{R}^2$ be the linear transformation defined by, $T(e_1)=w_1,\ T(e_2)=w_2,\ T(e_3)=w_3$. Find the formula for $T(x_1,x_2,x_3)$, and then use it to compute $T(2,-3,5)$.	10M	3	3
Q.4(B)	Let $T: \mathbb{R}^3 \to \mathbb{R}^2$ be a linear transformation given by $T(x,y,z) = (3x+2y-4z,x-5y+3z)$. Find the matrix representation of T related to the basis $\alpha = \{(1,1,1),(1,1,0),(1,0,0)\}$ and $\beta = \{(1,3),(2,5)\}$	10M	3	3
Q.5(A)	Find the transition matrix $[Id]_{\alpha}^{\beta}$ from α to β , $[Id]_{\beta}^{\alpha}$ from β to α , $\alpha = \{(1,1,1), (1,1,0), (1,0,0)\}, \beta = \{(2,0,3), (-1,4,1), (3,2,5)\};$	10M	4	3
Q.5(B)	Let T be a linear transformation from R^3 into R^2 defined by $T(x_1,x_2,x_3)=(x_1+x_2,2x_3-x_1)$. (a). For the standard ordered basis α and β for R^3 and R^2 respectively, find the associated matrix for T with respect to the basis α and β . (b). Let $\alpha=\{x_1,x_2,x_3\}$ and $\beta=\{y_1,y_2\}$, where $x_1=(1,0,-1), x_2=(1,1,1), x_3=(1,0,0)$ and $y_1=(0,1), y_2=(1,0)$. Find the associated matrices $[T]_{\alpha}^{\beta}$.	10M	4	3
Q.6(A)	Use the Gram-Schmidt orthogonalization on the Euclidean space R^4 to transform the basis $\{(0,1,1,0),(-1,1,0,0),(1,2,0,-1),(-1,0,0,-1)\}$ into an orthonormal basis.	10M	5	3
Q.6(B)	Find all the least square solutions to $Ax = b$, where $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 2 & 2 \\ -1 & 1 & -1 \\ -1 & 2 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$, $b = \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ -3 \\ 0 \\ -3 \end{bmatrix}$	10M	5	3

*** END***

Hall Ticket No:						Question Paper Code: 18MAT107

(UGC-AUTONOMOUS)

B.Tech I Year I & II Semester (R18) Supplementary- End Semester Examinations — DEC'2022 LINEAR ALGEBRA COMPLEX VARIABLES AND ORDINARY DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS

LINE	AR ALGEBRA COMPLEX VARIABLES AND ORDINARY DIFFE (Common to ME & ECE)	KENTIAL EC	(UATION	CV
Tim	e: 3Hrs	Max	Marks: 6	0
	Attempt all the questions. All parts of the question must be answered All parts of Q.no 1 are compulsory. In Q.no 2 to 6 answer either		nly.	
Q.1	i. Define orthogonal matrix with an example.	Mar 1N		Bl.
	ii. State the rank-nullity theorem for a linear transformation.	1N		1
	iii. Show that the function $U(x,y) = 2x - 2xy$ is harmonic.	1N		1
	iv Determine the residue of the function $f(z) = z \cos \frac{1}{z}$	1N	2	1
	v. Write a differential equation with order 1 but not degree 1.	1N	3	1
	vi State the Cauchy-Goursat theorem	1N	3	1
	vii. Classify that the differential equation $\frac{dy}{dx} = y \tan x - y^2 se$	ec x is 10	4	1
	linear or non-linear.			
	viii. Write the general form of Bernoulli's differential equation	11	1 4	1
	ix. Write an example for the differential equation with order degree 2.	2 and 1N	1 5	1
	X. Find complementary function for the equation $x^2 \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - 4x^2$	$x\frac{dy}{dx} + 1$	I 5	1
	6y = x.			
Q.2(A)	Find the Eigen values and Eigen vectors of the matrix $A = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 1 \\ 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$	10N 4 6 5	1	3
Q.2(B)	OR Find the values of k for which the system of equations $(3k-8)x + 3y + 3z = 0$ $3x + (3k-8)y + 3z = 0$ $3x + 3y + (3k-8)z = 0$	101	Л 1	3
	has a non-trivial solution.			
Q.3(A)	State and derive Cauchy-Riemann (CR) equations in Cartesian	101	√l 2	3
	coordinates.	101	vi Z	J
Q.3(B)	OR Find all roots $(z=x+iy)$ of the equation $\sin z=\cosh 4$ by equation the real and imaginary parts.	ting 101	√l 2	3

Q.4(A)	Evaluate $\oint_c f(z)dz$, where $f(z) = \begin{cases} 1, & when \ y < 0 \\ 4y, & when \ y > 0 \end{cases}$ and C is an arc from $z = -1 - i$ to $z = 1 + i$ along the curve $y = x^3$	10M	3	3
Q.4(B)	OR Let C denote the positively oriented boundary of the square whose sides lie along the lines $x=\pm 2$ and $y=\pm 2$. Evaluate each of the following	10M	3	3
	integrals (a) $\int_C \frac{e^{-z}}{z-i\frac{\pi}{2}}dz$ (b) $\int_C \frac{z}{2z+1}dz$			
Q.5(A)	Solve $x \log x \frac{dy}{dx} + y = \log x^2$	10M	4	3
Q.5(B)	Solve $p^3 - 4xyp + 8y^2 = 0$, (where $\frac{dy}{dx} = p$)	10M	4	3
Q.6(A)	Solve $x^2y'' - 3xy' + 4y = (1 + x^2)$	10M	5	3
Q.6(B)	OR Solve the following differential equation using Laplace transform method	10M	5	3
	y'' + 2y' - 3y = sint, given that $y(0) = y'(0) = 0$			

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Hall Ticket No:						
					1	1

Question Paper Code: 18MAT10101

MADANAPALLE INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY & SCIENCE, MADANAPALLE

(UGC-AUTONOMOUS)

B.Tech I Year I & II Semester (R18) Supplementary End Semester Examinations – DEC'2022 ENGINEERING CALCULUS

(Common to CE, ECE, CSE, CST, CSIT, ME)

Time: 3Hrs

Max Marks: 60

Attempt all the questions. All parts of the question must be answered in one place only.

All parts of Q.no 1 are compulsory. In Q.no 2 to 6 answer either Part-A or B only

		Marks	CO	BL
Q.1	i. Find the area between the curve $y = x^2$, $0 \le x \le 2$ and the x-axis.	1M	1	1
	ii. Find the value of $\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{2}\right)$	1M	1	2
	iii. State Rolle's theorem	1M	2	1
	Evaluate $\underset{x\to 0}{Lt} \frac{\log x}{\cot x}$	1M	2	2
	v. State Alternating series test	1M	3	1
	vi If $f(x) = x^2$ in $-2 < x < 2$ then determine a_0 .	1M	3	2
	vii. If $f(x, y) = x \cos y + ye^x$ then find $\frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x^2}$.	1M	4	2
	viii. When a function $f(x, y)$ has saddle point at a point (a, b) .	1M	4	1
	ix. Evaluate $\int_{1}^{3} \int_{1}^{2} dx dy$	1M	5	2
	x. Find the $CurlF$ when $F = xyi + yzj + zxk$	1M	5	2
Q.2(A)	Find the area and length of the polar curve $r = a \sin 3\theta$	10M	1	3
	OR			
Q.2(B)	Define Beta function. Show that $\int_{0}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sqrt{\sin \theta} d\theta \times \int_{0}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{d\theta}{\sqrt{\sin \theta}} = \pi$	10M	.1	3
Q.3(A)	Prove that $\log(1+\sin x) = x - \frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x^3}{6} - \frac{x^4}{12} +$	10M	2	3
	OR			
Q.3(B)	Evaluate a) $Lt \frac{x \cos x - \sin x}{x^2 \sin x}$ b) $Lt \left(\frac{a^x + b^x + c^x + d^x}{4}\right)^{\frac{1}{x}}$	10M	2	3

Q.4(A) For what values of x do the power series converge? a) $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{x^n}{n!}$ b) $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} n! x^n$ 10M 3 4

OR

- Q.4(B) Expand $f(x) = x \sin x$ as a cosine series in the interval $0 < x < \pi$ 10M 3
- Q.5(A) Find the first order derivatives of i) $f(x,y) = \frac{2y}{y + \cos x}$ ii) 10M 4 3 $f(x,y) = ye^{x^2-y}$

OR

- Q.5(B) Find the point P(x, y, z) on the plane x + 2y + 3z = 13 closest to the point 10M 4 3 (1,1,1)
- Q.6(A) Change the Cartesian integral into an equivalent polar integral. Then 10M 5 3 evaluate the polar integral $\int_{0}^{1} \int_{0}^{\sqrt{1-y^2}} (x^2 + y^2) dx dy$.

OR

Q.6(B) Verify Green's theorem for the vector field F(x,y) = 2xi - 3yj and the 10M 5 4 region R bounded by the circle $C: r(t) = (a\cos t)i + (a\sin t)j$, $0 \le t \le 2\pi$.

*** END***

Hall Ticket No:		Question Paper Code: 18CSE102
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(UGC-AUTONOMOUS)

B.Tech | Year | & | Semester (R18) Supplementary End Semester Examinations – DEC'2022 C PROGRAMMING AND DATA STRUCTURES

(Common to All)

Time: 3Hrs Max Marks: 60

Attempt all the questions. All parts of the question must be answered in one place only.

All parts of Q.no 1 are compulsory. In Q.no 2 to 6 answer either A or B only

		Marks	CO	BL
Q.1	i. List the C Tokens available in c	1M	1	1
	ii. Compare = and = =	1M	1	2
	iii. Define a function	1M	2	1
	iv What is the precondition for Binary Search	1M	2	1
	v. Define a pointer	1M	3	1
	vi Compare array and structure	1M	3	2
	vii. List out the operations performed in the stack	1M	4	1
	viii. What are the different types of queues	1M	4	1
	ix. What is a file?	1M	5	1
	x. Which library function is used to locate a substring in a string?	1M	5	2
Q.2(A)	Explain in detail the structure of the C program with an example	10M	1	2
	OR			
Q.2(B)	Explain the branch statements and conditional statements in C.	10M	1	2
Q.3(A)	Illustrate the Linear search algorithm using an array with an example.	10M	2	2
	OR			
Q.3(B)	Explain different storage classes available in C. Provide a suitable example	10M	2	2
	for the use of each class			
Q.4(A)	Develop a C program to print maximum marks in each subject along with	10M	3	3
	the name of the student by using structures. Take 3 subjects and			
	3 students' records.			
	OR			
Q.4(B)	Explain dynamic memory allocation and related functions with examples.	10M	3	2
Q.5(A)	Develop a source code to implement stack using an integer array	10M	4	3
	OR			
Q.5(B)	Discuss in detail about queue and its implementation with a neat sketch.	10M	4	6
Q.6(A)	Explain any five string handling functions briefly.	10M	5	2
,	OR			
Q.6(B)	Define file? Discuss with an example the different file opening modes in C.	10M	5	6
			_	-